

# Game AI



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**Game Programming, Fall 2020 @ National Taiwan University**

# Game Programming

- Rendering
- Looping and control
- Math
- Animation
- Physics
- Behaviour and navigation (AI)
- Effects
- Networking

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- Rendering
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# Artificial Intelligence (AI)

- Based on the current conditions, which actions should an entity take ?

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- Based on the current conditions, which actions should an entity take ?
- The goal of AI
  - Looks like a real player ?
  - Beat the player ?

# Considerations

- Performance
  - 60 FPS ?
  - The scale of quantities ?

# Considerations

- Performance
- Explainability
  - AlphaGo ?

# Considerations

- Performance
- Explainability
- Editability
  - Human readable format ?
  - Structured representation ?

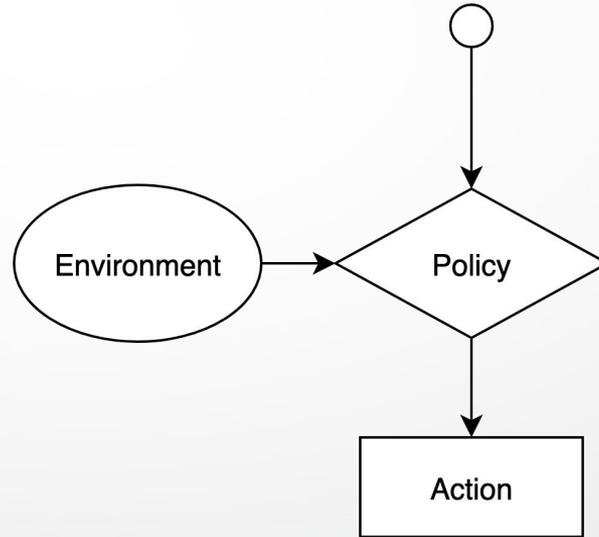
# Considerations

- Performance
- Explainability
- Editability
- Flexibility
  - Easy to expand

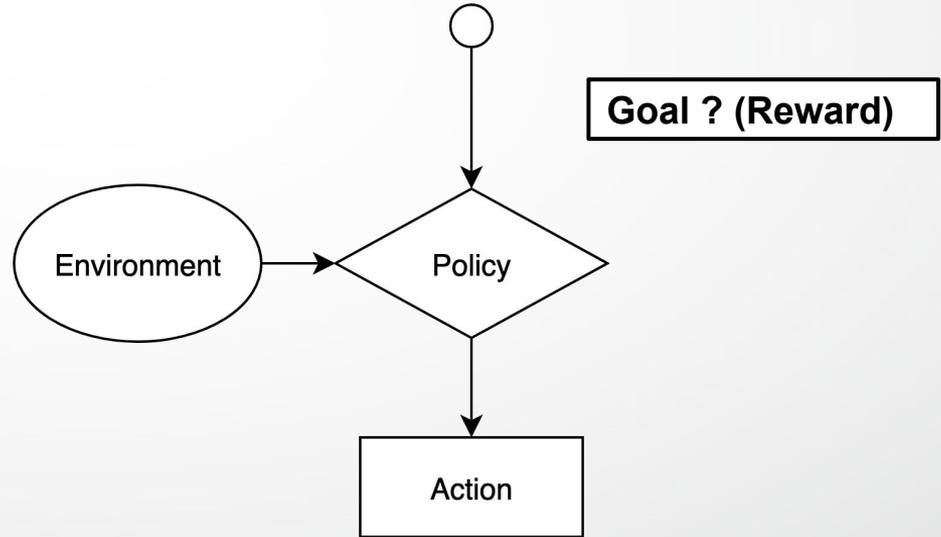
# How to design / implement a Breakout AI ?



# How to design / implement a Breakout AI ?

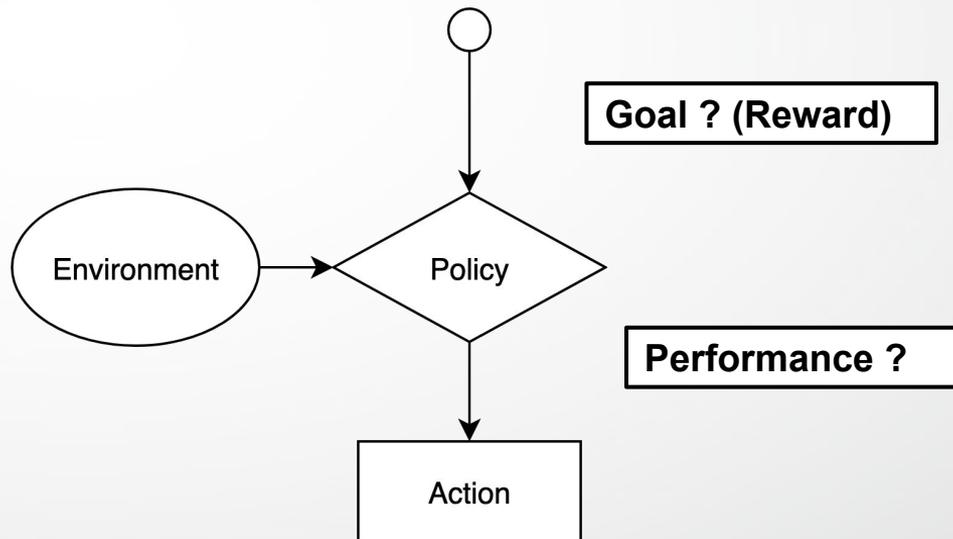


# How to design / implement a Breakout AI ?



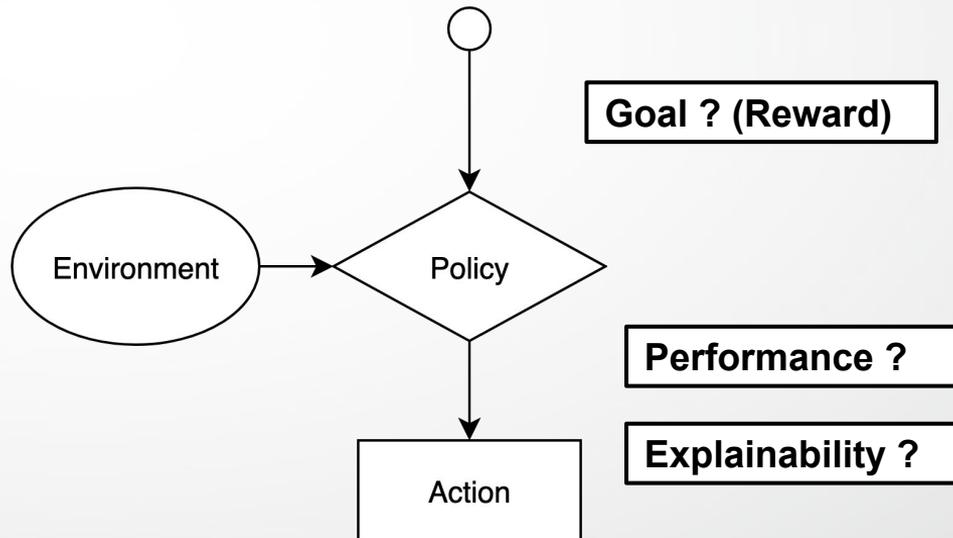
DeepMind : DQN Breakout

# How to design / implement a Breakout AI ?



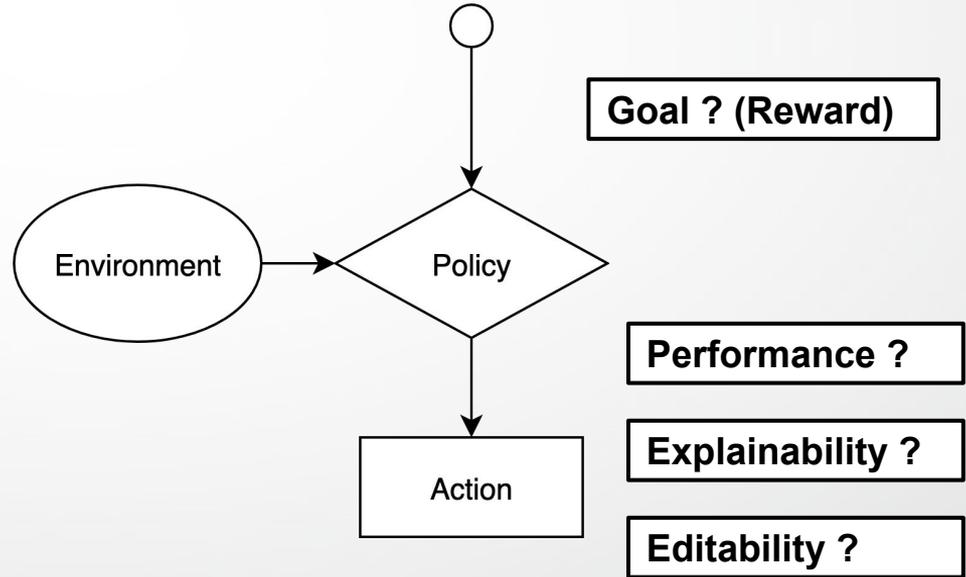
DeepMind : DQN Breakout

# How to design / implement a Breakout AI ?



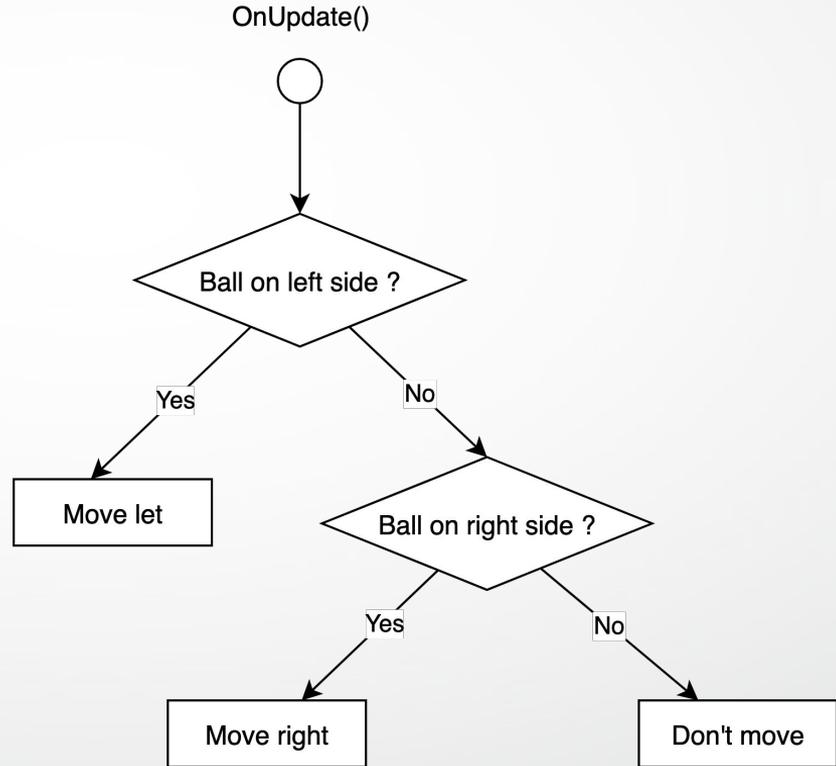
DeepMind : DQN Breakout

# How to design / implement a Breakout AI ?



DeepMind : DQN Breakout

# Decision trees



DeepMind : DQN Breakout

# How to design / implement the turtle's AI ?



# How to design / implement the turtle's AI ?



Try to draw the decision tree ?

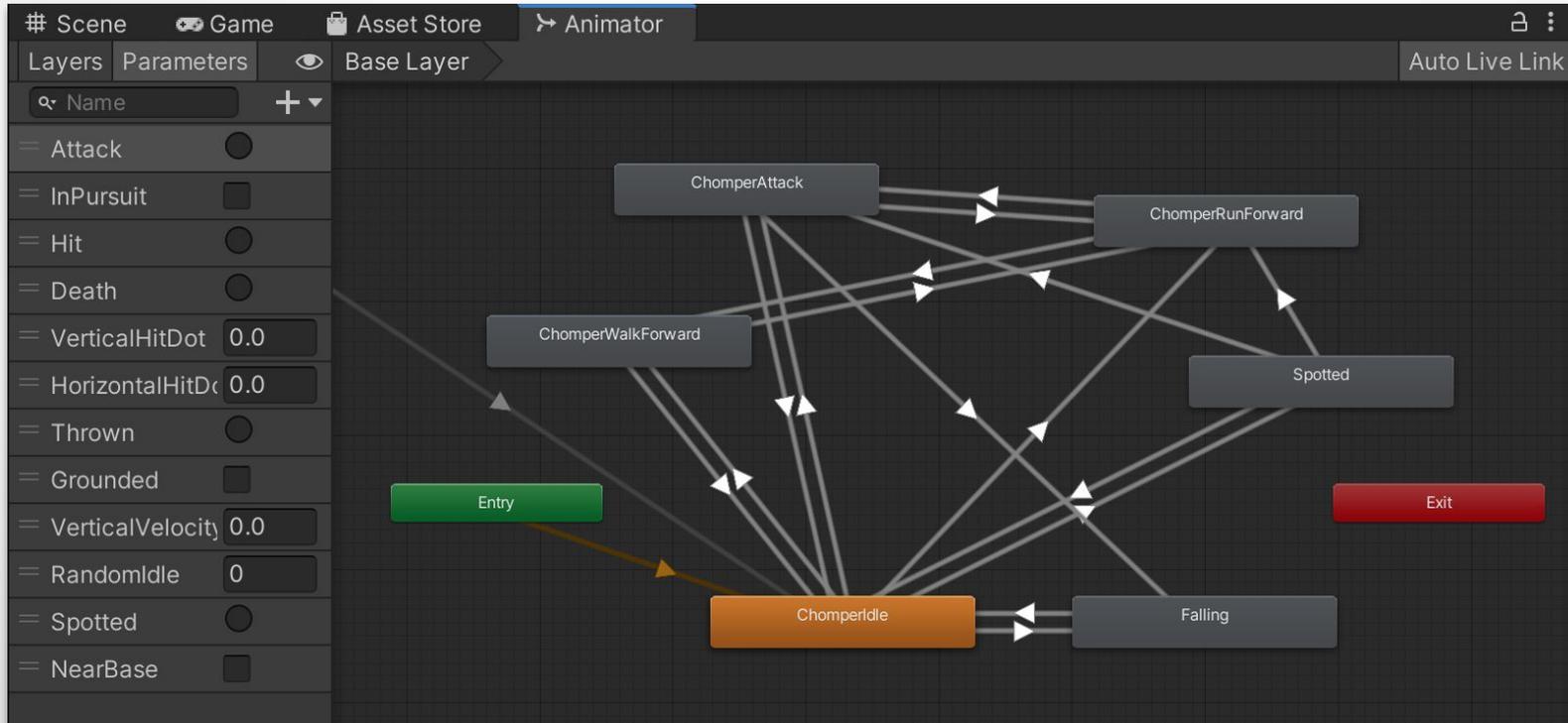
# Finite state machines



Try to draw the FSM ?



# Animator controller





# State machine behaviours

The image shows a Unity State Machine Behaviours Inspector window. On the left, a state machine diagram is visible with states: Ledge Hang, Falling, Grounded, and Die. Transitions are shown with arrows: Grounded to Ledge Hang, Falling to Ledge Hang, Falling to Grounded, Grounded to Falling, and Grounded to Die. The 'Grounded' state is highlighted in orange. On the right, the Inspector panel shows the 'Grounded' state selected. It includes a 'Tag' field, 'Speed' (1), 'Motion' (Blend Tree), 'Foot IK' (unchecked), 'Write Defaults' (checked), and 'Mirror' (unchecked). Below these are 'Transitions' with columns for 'Solo' and 'Mute'. Three transitions are listed: 'Grounded -> Die', 'Grounded -> Jumping', and 'Grounded -> Falling'. At the bottom, a 'Ground Detection (Script)' behaviour is added, with the script 'GroundDetection' selected. The 'Add Behaviour' button is visible below the list.

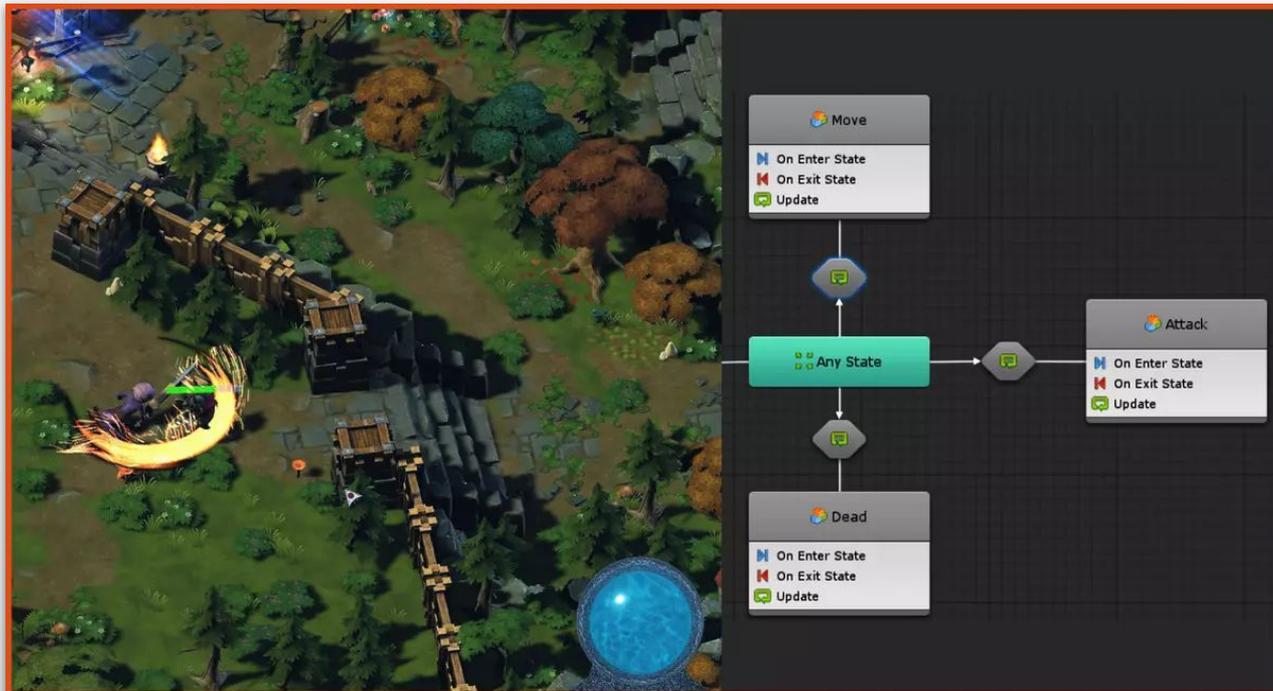


# DEMO: 3D Game Kit

- Steps :
  - Open scene “**Level2**”
  - Show the Animator of “**Chomper**”
  - Explain the **State machine behaviour** system of 3D Game kit
  - Explain “**ChomperBehaviour**”
  - Explain “**AttackBegin**” event



# Unity Asset Store : Bolt [Free]



"Fantasy MOBA" by Ludiq, 2018

#madewithBolt

# How to design / implement Hornet's AI ?



# How to design / implement Hornet's AI ?



Try to draw the decision tree ?

# How to design / implement Hornet's AI ?



Try to draw the decision tree ?

Try to draw the FSM ?

# Hierarchical state machines



Try to draw the decision tree ?

Try to draw the FSM ?

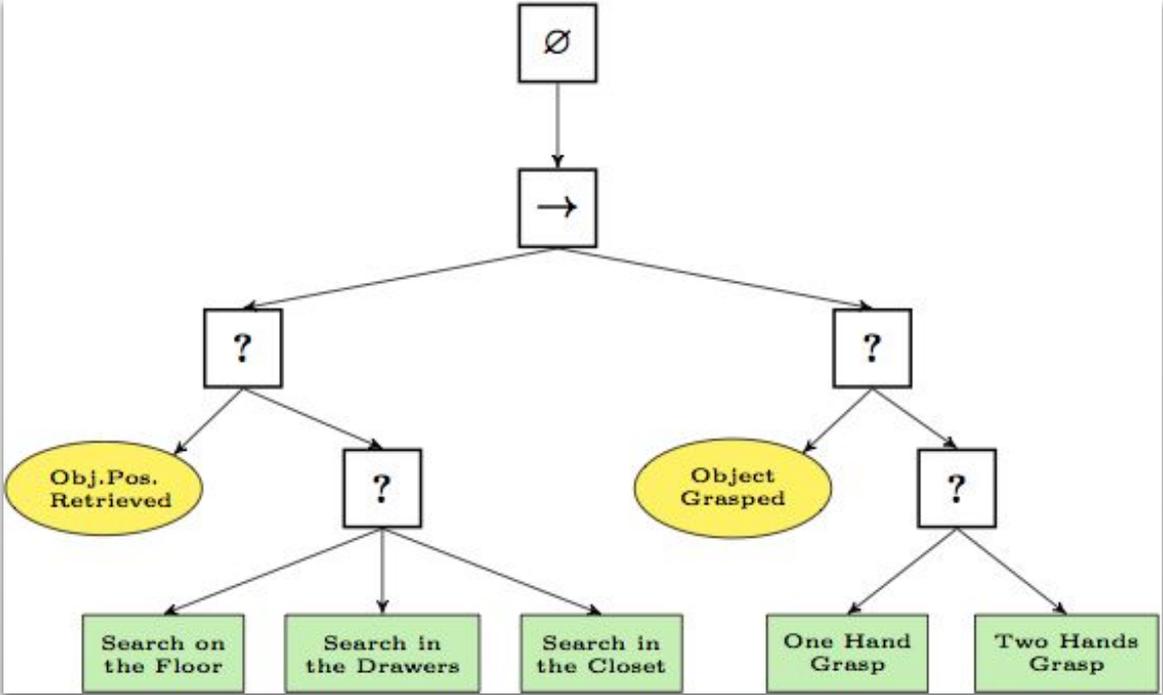
Try to draw the HFSM ?



# DEMO: 3D Game Kit

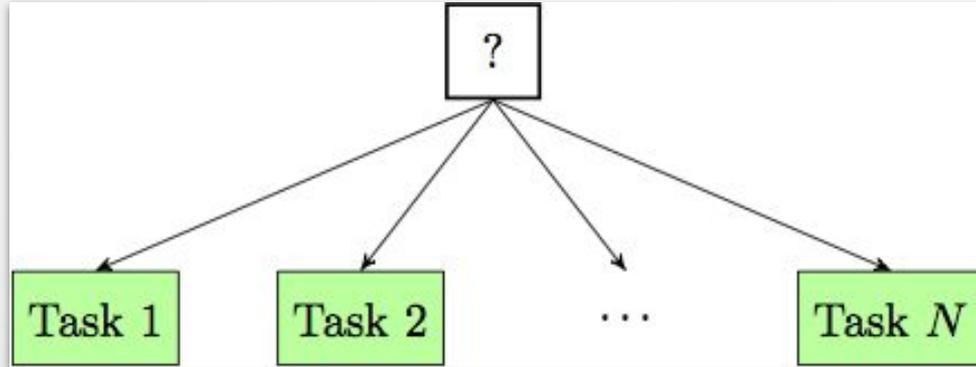
- Steps :
  - Open scene “**Level2**”
  - Show the Animator of “**Ellen**”
  - Explain the **Hierarchical state machines**
  - Explain the “**Any**” state

# Behaviour trees

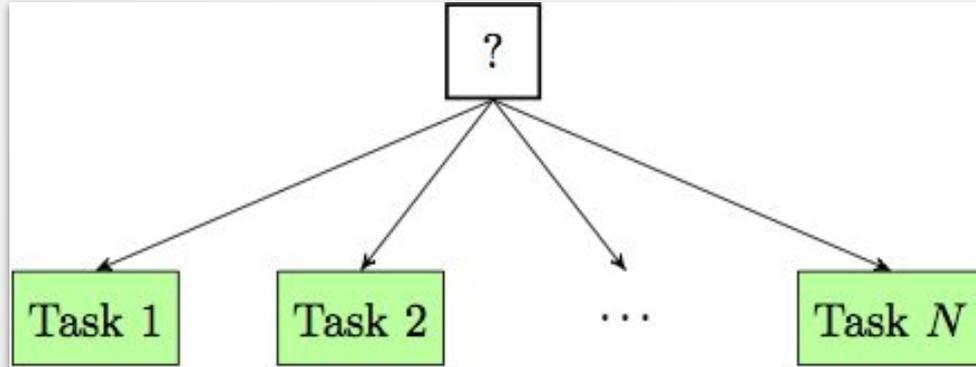


Wikipedia

# Selector (fallback) nodes

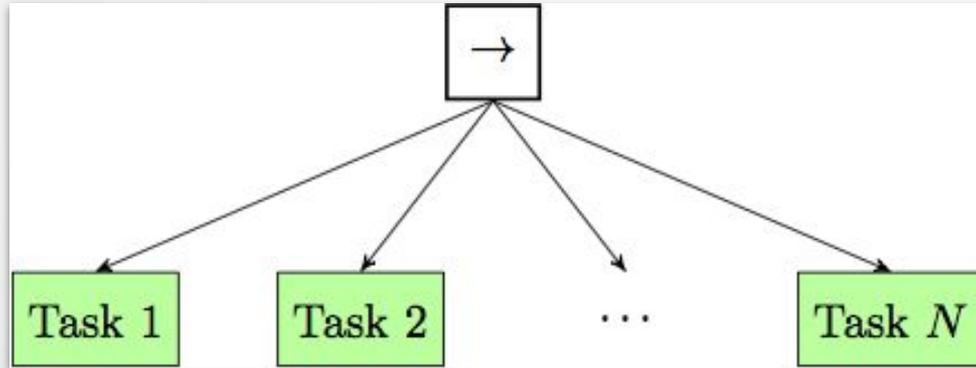


# Selector (fallback) nodes



```
1 for i from 1 to n do  
2   childstatus ← Tick(child(i))  
3   if childstatus = running  
4     return running  
5   else if childstatus = success  
6     return success  
7 end  
8 return failure
```

# Sequence node



```
1 for i from 1 to n do  
2   childstatus ← Tick(child(i))  
3   if childstatus = running  
4     return running  
5   else if childstatus = failure  
6     return failure  
7 end  
8 return success
```



# DEMO: 2D Game Kit

- Steps:
  - Open scene “**Zone 5**”
  - Show the animator of **Gunner**
  - Explain the state topology
  - Explain “**Missile Golem**” component
    - **OnEnable**



# DEMO: 2D Game Kit

```
ai = BT.Root();
ai.OpenBranch(
    //First Round
    BT.SetActive(beamLaser, active: false),
    BT.Repeat(rounds.Length).OpenBranch(
        BT.Call(NextRound),
        //grenade enabled is true only on 2 and 3 round, so allow to just test if
        BT.If(GrenadeEnabled).OpenBranch(
            BT.Trigger(Animator, name: "Enabled")
        ),
        BT.Wait(delay),
        BT.Call(ActivateShield),
        BT.Wait(delay),
        BT.While(ShieldIsUp).OpenBranch(
            BT.RandomSequence(weights: new int[] { 1, 6, 4, 4 }).OpenBranch(
```



# Unity Asset Store : Node Canvas

nodeCanvas  
v3.x

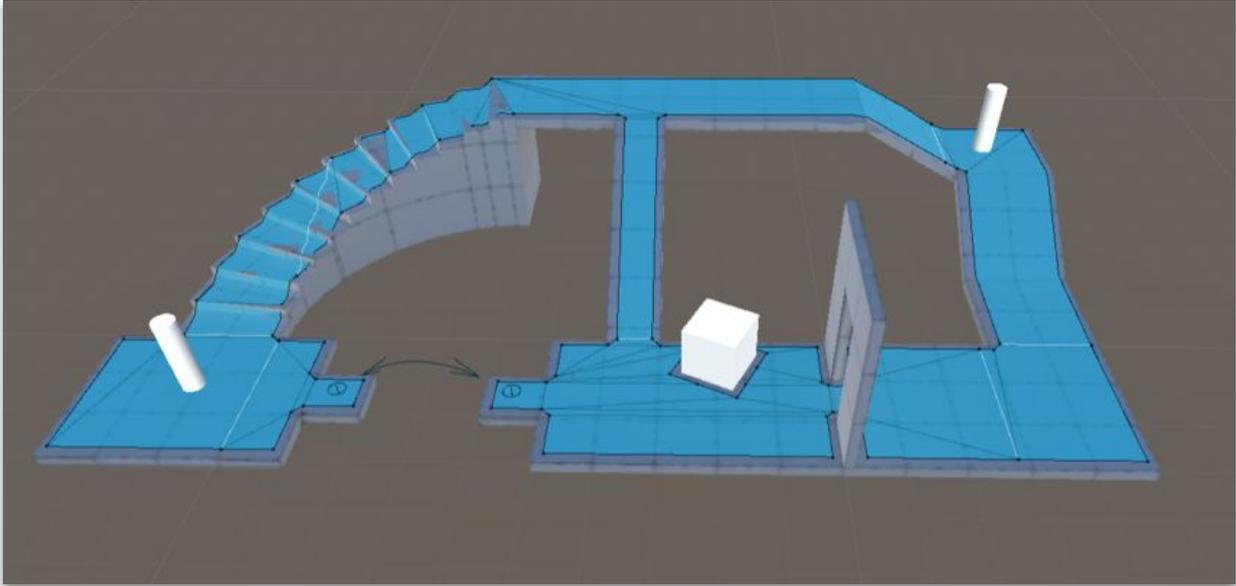
```
graph TD; START[START] --> Design[Design]; START --> Develop[Develop];
```

The Complete Framework  
Behaviour Trees | State Machines | Dialogue Trees

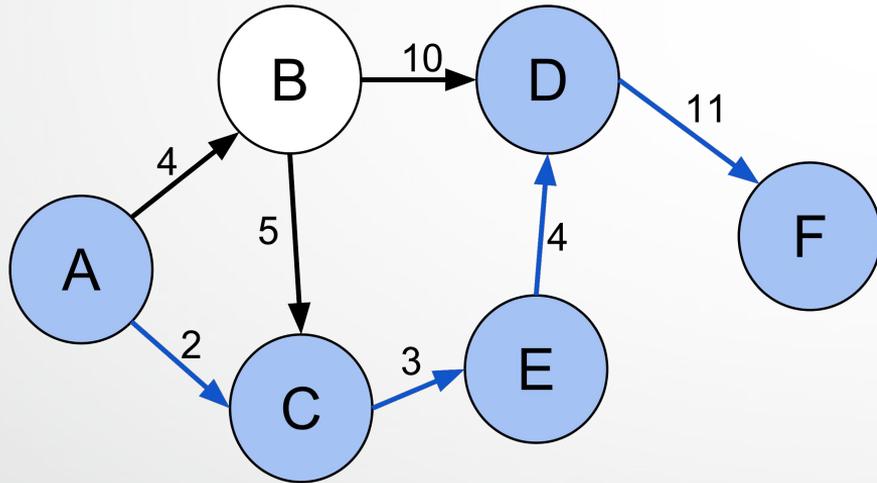
# Navigation



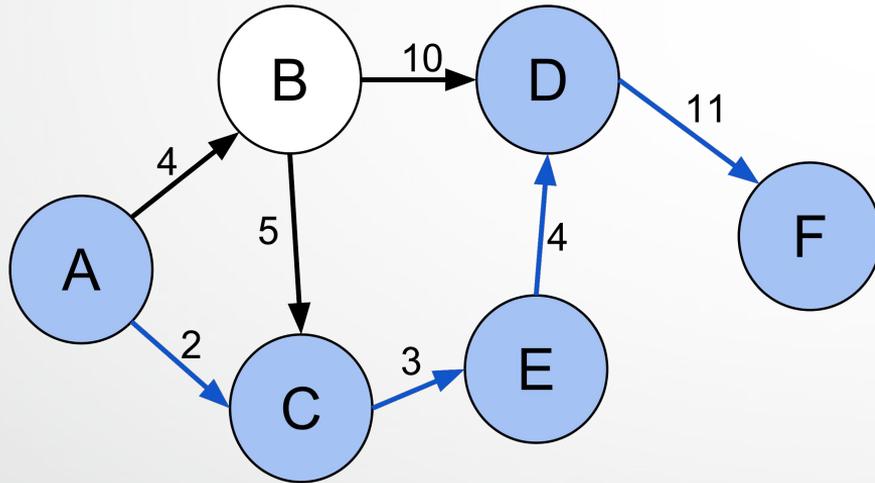
# Navigation



# Path finding

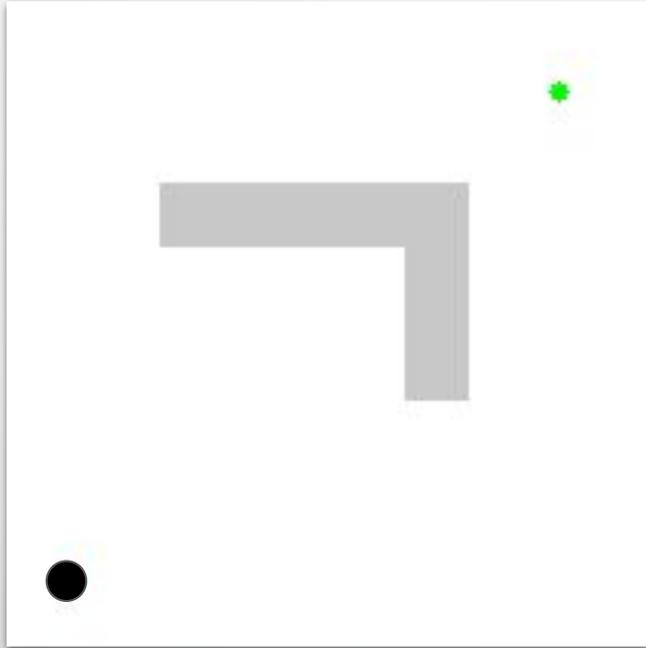


# Path finding



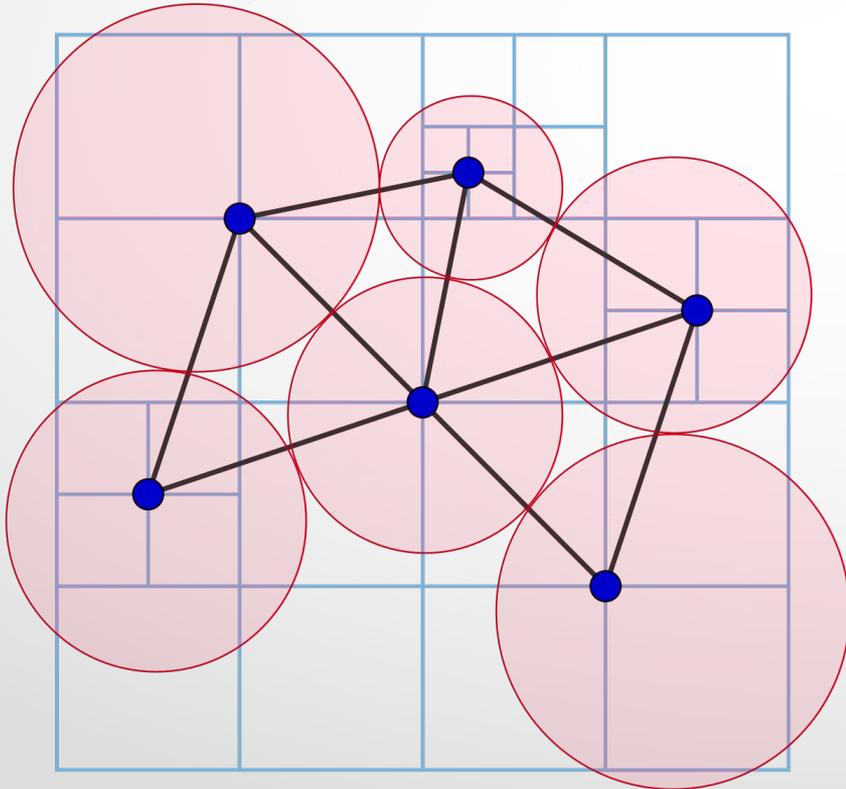
- Common algorithms :
  - BFS / DFS

# Path finding



- Common algorithms :
  - BFS / DFS
    - A\*
      - Dijkstra's algorithm

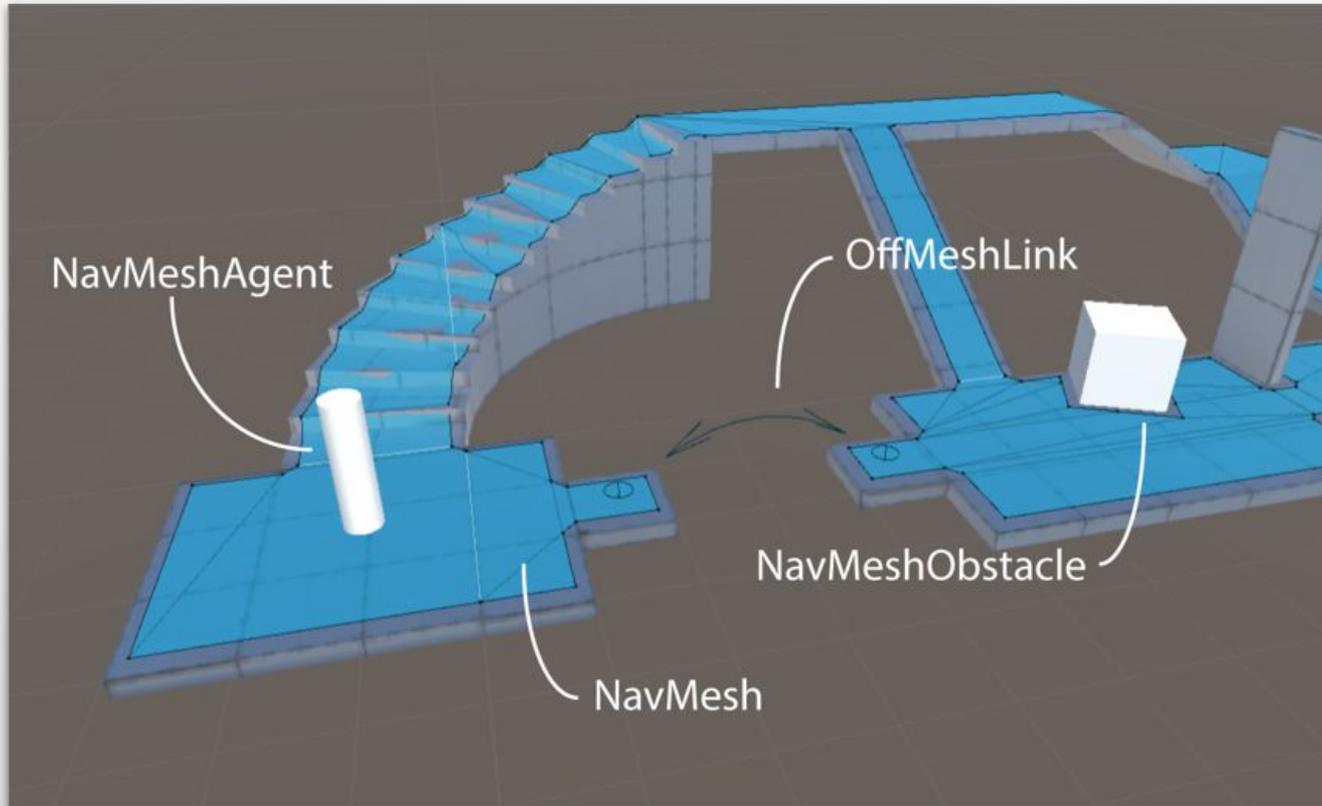
# Hierarchical path finding



- Common algorithms :
  - BFS / DFS
    - A\*
    - Dijkstra's algorithm
- Global / Local



# Navmesh





# Build a navmesh

**1. Select the Scene geometry that should affect the navigation.**

**2. Check the Navigation Static box, under the Object tab of the Navigation Window, to mark the GameObjects that you selected to be used in the NavMesh baking process.**



# Build a navmesh

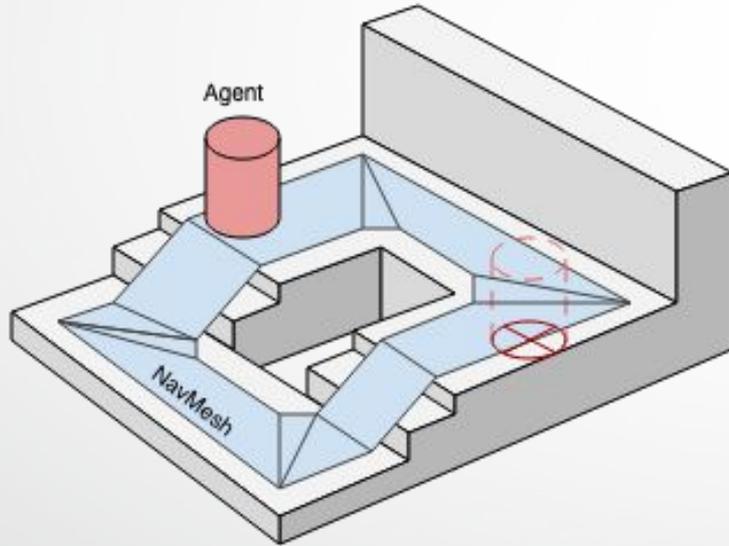
The screenshot shows the Unity interface with the Navigation window open. The Hierarchy panel on the left shows a scene named 'SampleScene\*' with various objects including 'NavMeshedSceneGeometry', 'Upper Platform w/ramps', 'Starting Platform', 'Stairs', 'Door', 'Jumping Platform 1', 'Jumping Platform 2', 'Lower Platform 1', and 'Jumping Platform 2 (1)'. The Scene window shows a 3D view of a level with a blue navmesh. A white cube is placed on the navmesh. Labels in the scene indicate 'Agent Height', 'Step Height', 'Max Slope', and 'Agent Radius'. The Navigation window has tabs for 'Agents', 'Areas', 'Bake', and 'Object'. The 'Bake' tab is active, showing a diagram of an agent with a radius 'R = 0.15' and height 'H = 1.5', and a slope of 60°. Below the diagram are input fields for 'Agent Radius' (0.15), 'Agent Height' (1.5), 'Max Slope' (60), and 'Step Height' (0.53). There are also fields for 'Generated Off Mesh Links' with 'Drop Height' and 'Jump Distance' set to 0. At the bottom of the 'Bake' tab are 'Clear' and 'Bake' buttons. A text box at the bottom of the 'Bake' tab says '4. Click Bake to build the NavMesh.'

**3. Adjust the bake settings, under the Bake tab of the Navigation Window.**

**4. Click Bake to build the NavMesh.**



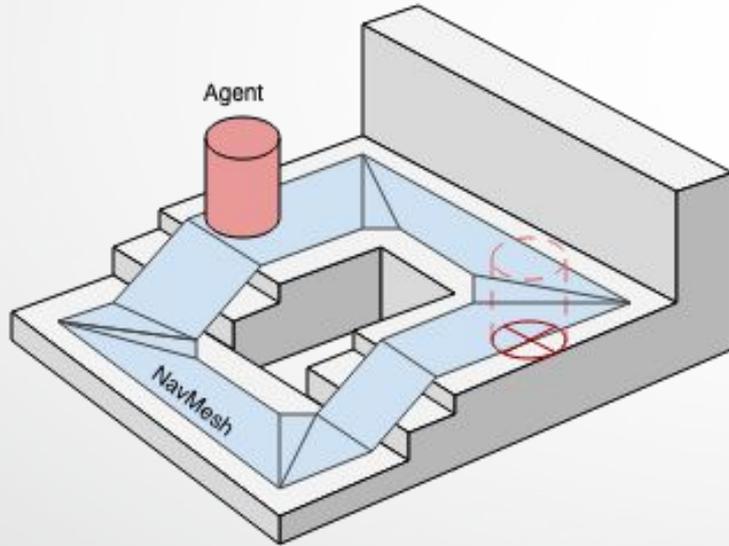
# Walking



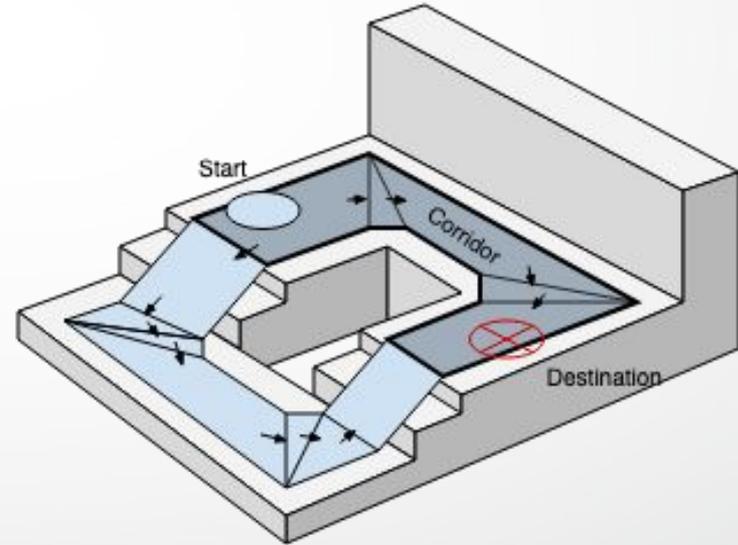
Walkable area



# Walking



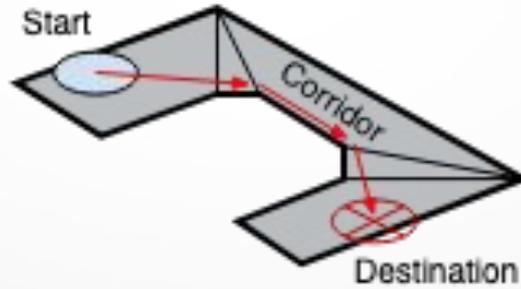
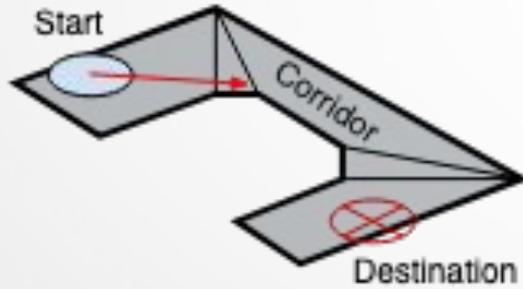
Walkable area



Finding paths



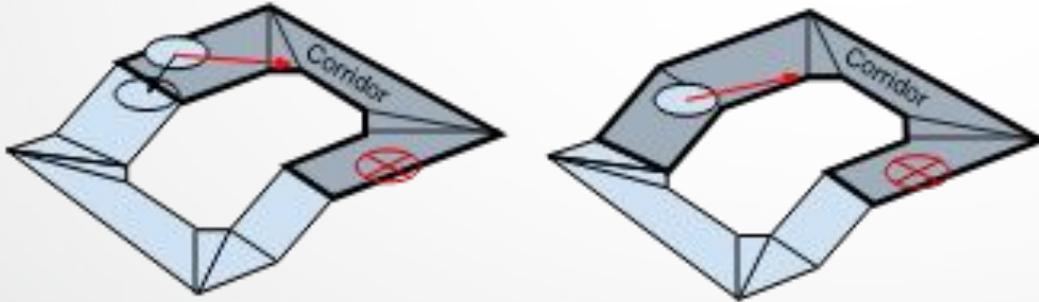
# Walking



Global to local



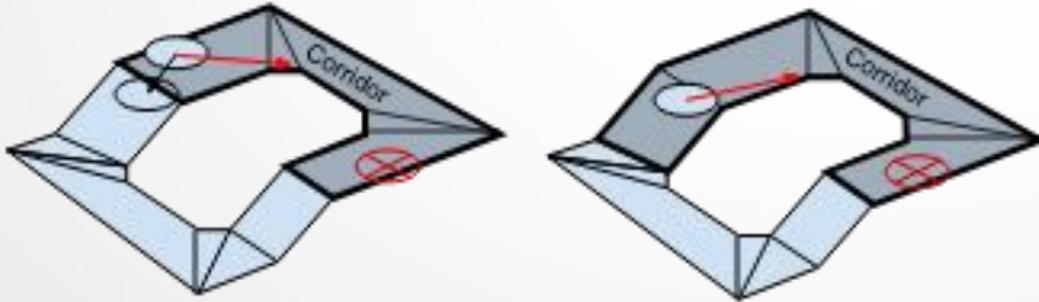
# Avoid agents/ obstacles



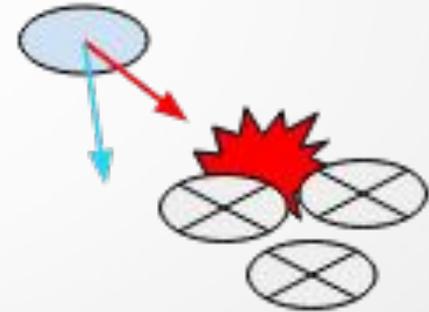
Local avoidance



# Avoid agents/ obstacles



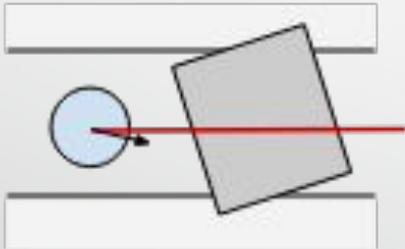
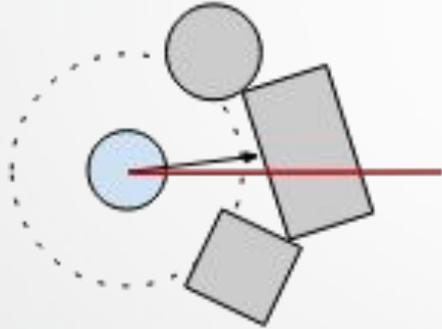
Local avoidance



reciprocal velocity obstacles

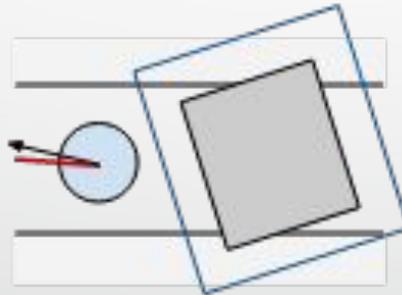
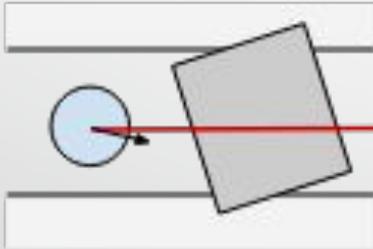
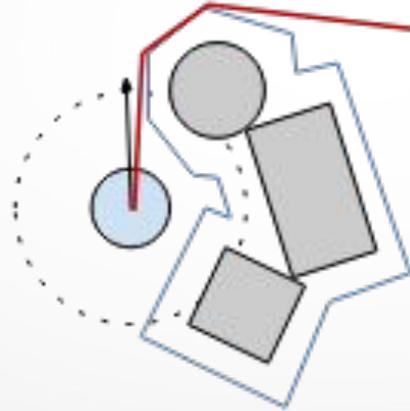
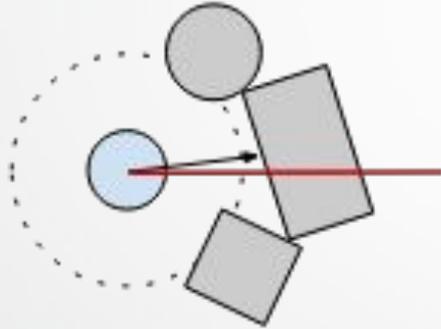


# Avoid agents/ obstacles





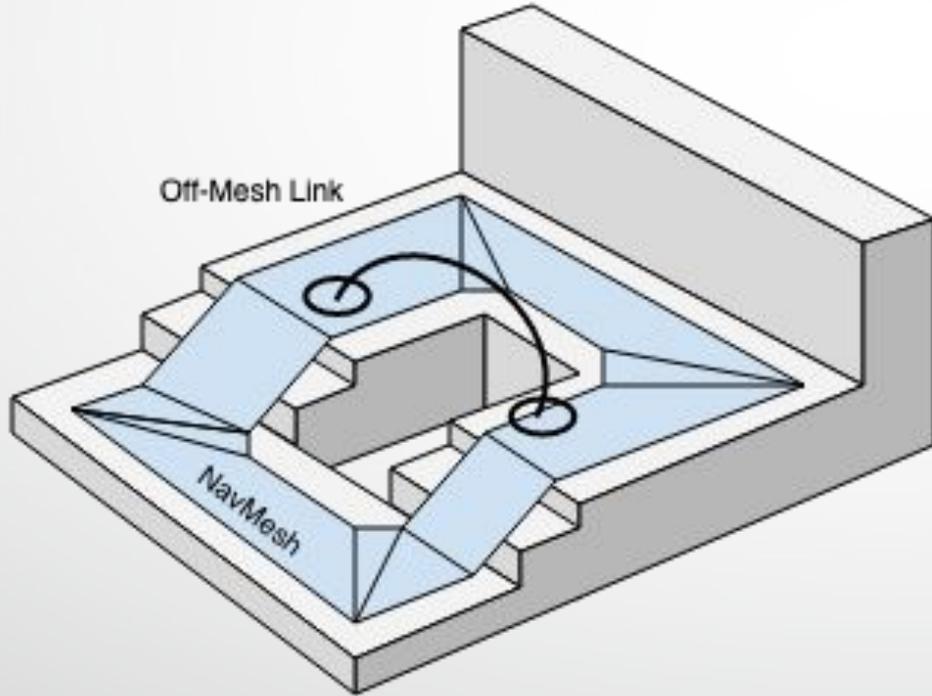
# Avoid agents/ obstacles



Carving



# Off-mesh link



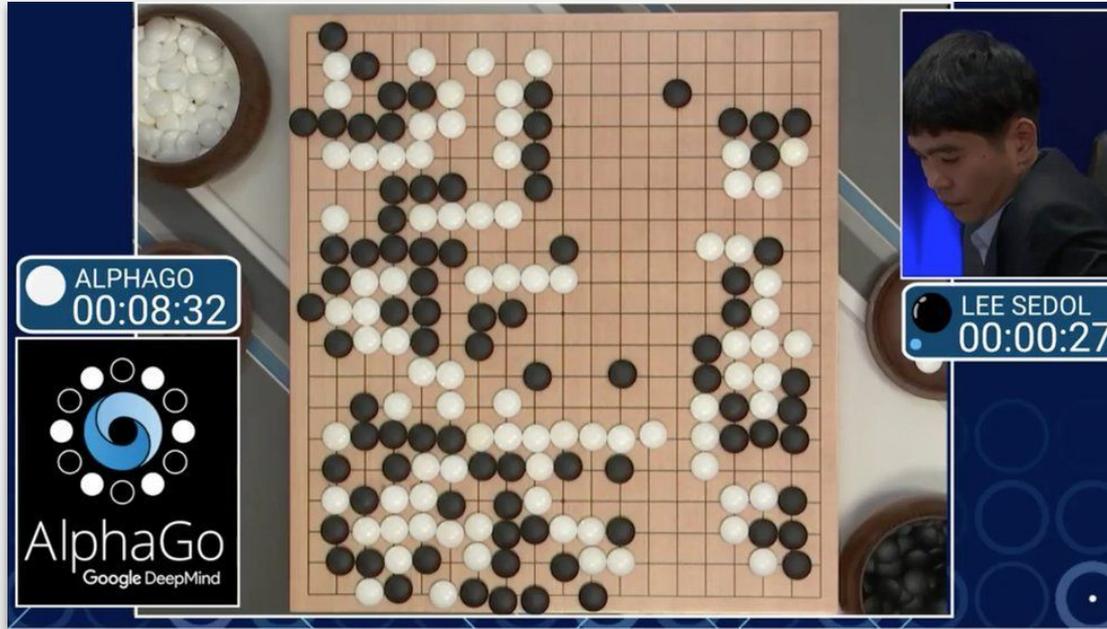
Jump / Climb / Teleport / ...



# DEMO: 3D Game Kit

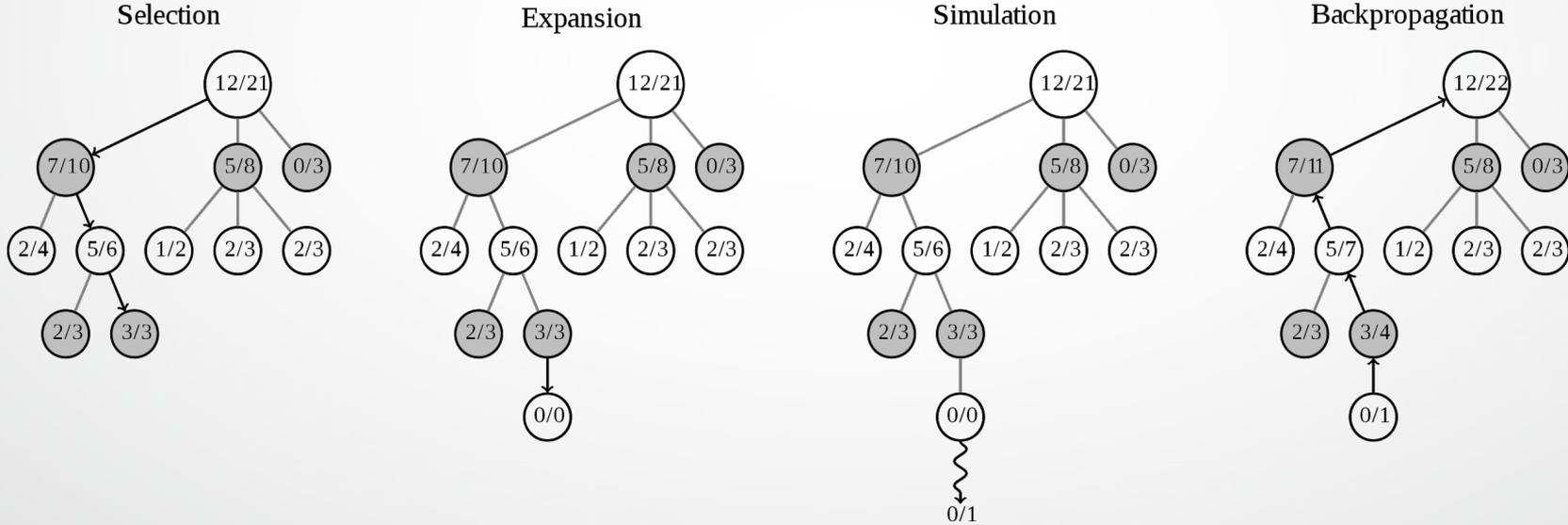
- Steps:
  - Create new **Scene**
  - Add “**Chomper**”
    - Select agentType “**Humanoid**”
  - Bake **Navmesh**

# Planning

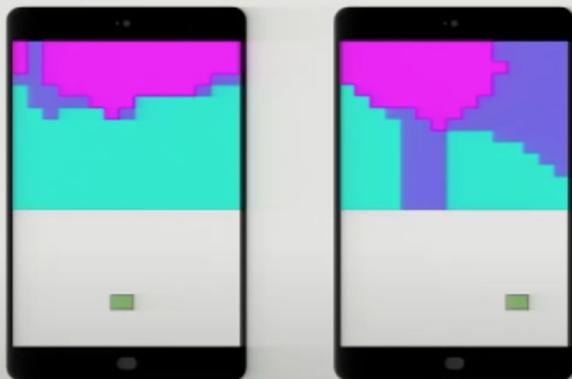


- BFS / DFS , A\* algorithms, ...

# Monte Carlo tree search



# 勝敗分佈



DAY 2 - ROOM 102 - 15:00 - 16:00

深度強化學習於《伊甸之魂》  
的開發經驗分享

李根逸

# Q & A